XXIII Konferencja Naukowa "Pojazdy Szynowe 2018"

23th Scientific Conference "Rail Vehicles 2018"

22-25 maja 2018 roku Katowice-Chorzów-Szczyrk

Politechnika Śląska, Wydział Transportu Katedra Transportu Kolejowego

Współorganizator - partner przemysłowy:



Komitet naukowy:

Bogusław Łazarz - przewodniczący Komitetu Naukowego

Roman Bogacz Włodzimierz Choromański Andrzej Chudzikiewicz Włodzimierz Czyczuła Janusz Ćwiek Juri Diomin Zbigniew Durzyński Janusz Dyduch Piotr Folega Kazimierz Furmanik Kurt Frischmuth Włodzimierz Gasowski Juraj Gerlici Ignacy Góra Iwona Grabarek Jan Gronowicz Wiesław Grzesikiewicz Andrzej Grzyb Jerzy Hajduk Marek Idzior Marianna Jacyna Antoni Jankowski Ewa Kardas-Cinal Jarosław Korzeb Władysław Koc Jerzy Kwaśnikowski Tomasz Krzyżyński Tomáš Lack Zbigniew Lozia Mirosław Luft Zbigniew Łukasik Jerzy Madej Jerzy Manerowski Adam Mańka Józef Marciniak

Jan Matej Marian Medwid Jerzy Merkisz Jerzy Mikulski Jakub Młyńczak Marek Młyńczak Sergej Myamlin Mirosław Nader Tomasz Nowakowski Jerzy Nowicki Georg-Peter Ostermeyer Marek Pawełczyk Paweł Piec Jerzy Piotrowski Dariusz Pyza Tadeusz Ryś Mirosław Siergiejczyk Marek Sitarz Jacek Skorupski Bogdan Sowiński Włodzimierz Stawecki Anna Stelmach Andrzej Surowiecki Adam Szelag Elżbieta Szychta Franciszek Tomaszewski Tadeusz Uhl Adam Weintrit Wojciech Wawrzyński Wiesław Zabłocki Grzegorz Zając Krzysztof Zboiński István Zobory Andrzej Zurkowski

Komitet organizacyjny:

Przewodniczący: Jarosław Konieczny Członkowie komitetu: Krzysztof Krawiec, Krzysztof Labisz, Joanna Michalska-Ćwiek, Szymon Surma, Łukasz Wierzbicki, Justyna Winter

Redaktor naczelny: Krzysztof Krawiec

Modeling of Dynamic Aspects of Operation Railway Vehicle Traction Drive System Including the Electromechanical Coupling

Robert Konowrocki

Institute of Fundamental Technological Research, Polish Academy of Sciences, ul. Pawińskiego 5B, 02-106 Warszawa E-mail: rkonow@ippt.pan.pl

Abstract

In the paper, a dynamic electromechanical interaction between the wheelset of railway vehicle and its driving electric motors is investigated. This is the high-speed train driven by the electric motors through elastic hollow shaft with linear characteristics. In particular, there is considered an influence of negative electromagnetic damping generated by the motor on a possibility of excitation of resonant torsional vibrations. Conclusions drawn from the computational results can be very useful during

a design phase of these devices as well as helpful for their users during a regular maintenance.

1. Introduction

Torsional vibrations occur in every drive train. If a simple drive train consists of an electrical motor, shaft flexible and a load, the system has two basic torsional vibration modes, the rigid-body mode and the first elastic mode. The knowledge about the torsional vibrations in drive transmission systems of railway vehicles is of a great importance in the fields dynamics of mechanical systems [1,2,3]. Parts elements of driving system are not fully rigid, it is common to have fluctuation of torques in different sizes and phases leading to shaft and wheelset torsional vibration [6]. For a reliability and security of drive system of railway vehicles drive by electric motors, the electromagnetic output traction force and torques should drive stably, otherwise the shaft train vibration caused by motor torque ripple will affect the fatigue life of the drive components and the operation security of the driven railway vehicles [4,5,6]. Since railway drive can be divided into electrical and mechanical part of systems, the influence of the electric motor should also be taken into account in the analyzes.

2. Summary

Presented in the paper results have demonstrated that the electromagnetic transient processes generated in the electric motor should be taken into account for the use of the assessing the stability of the system. The knowledge about stability of drive transmission systems of railway vehicles is of a great importance in the field of dynamics and material fatigue of the drive systems component.

In the paper, a dynamic interaction between the torsionally vibrating rotor railway drive system driving electric motor was investigated. In analized case we focused attention on the stiffness and damping coefficients associated with the electromagnetic field of DC motor. The less mechanical damping in the driven system, the greater possibility of severe torsional resonances, particularly when in such a drive train an semi elastic connection as hollow shaft with a linear characteristic is used. The obtained results can be very useful during a design phase of these devices as well as helpful for their users during a regular maintenance

Reference

- 1. Kia S.H., Henao H. and Capolino G.A., Torsional vibration assessment in railway traction system mechanical transmission, *Diagnostics for Electric Machines, Power Electronics and Drives*, IEEE Inter. Symp. *on*, Cargese, **2009**, pp.1-8.
- 2. Konowrocki R., Szolc T., An analysis of the self-excited torsional vibrations of the electromechanical drive system, *Vibrations in Physical Systems*, ISSN: 0860-6897, **2016**, Vol. 27, pp. 187-194.
- 3. Henao H., Kia S. H. and Capolino G.A., Torsional-vibration assessment and gear-fault diagnosis in railway traction system, *IEEE Trans. Ind. Electron.*, **2011**, Vol. 58, No. 5, pp. 1707-1717.
- 4. Winterling MW, Tuinman E. and Deleroi W., Simulation of drive line dynamics of light-rail vehicles. In: Simulation '98. *International Conference* (Conf. Publ. No. 457), **1998**, IET, pp 79–84.
- 5. Jára M., Introduction to the Influence of Torsional Oscillation of Driving Wheelsets to Wheel/Axle Press-fitted Joint, *Conference proceedings of Student's Conference STC*, **2017**, pp. 17-26.
- 6. Konowrocki R., Walczak S., *Influence of Flexibility Parameters of Wheels and Wheelset on the Railway Bogie Dynamics-Experimental and Theoretical Investigations*, Machine Dynamics Research, **2017**, Vol. 41, No.4, pp. 41-53,
- 7. Koropets P., *The Influence of Electromagnetic Processes on Stability of Locomotives Traction Drive In The Slipping Mode*, Transport Problems, Vol. 9 Issue 2, **2014**, pp. 41-48,







Wspólnie osiągamy więcej